Saint Michael's CE High School

A Church of England Academy



Pupil Premium Strategy Statement 2021-2024

Year 2

Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Saint Michael's C.E High School
Number of pupils in school	1135
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	90/1142= 7.9%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	Year 2 of a 3-year plan
Date this statement was published	17/11/21
Date on which it will be reviewed	8/11/23
Statement authorised by	Mrs J. Jenks, Headteacher
Pupil premium lead	Mr J. Allcock, Assistant Headteacher & Mr P. Clark
Governor / Trustee lead	Mr D. Bennett

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 126,200
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	Recovery £12,905 (School-led tutoring £13,770)
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£62.22
Total budget for this academic year If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£139,167

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

Our vision is central to everything we are trying to achieve at St Michael's and is the driver for every decision we make. We desire for every pupil to grow in Body, Mind and Spirit. We want every child to flourish, so they experience the joy of life in all its fullness, irrespective of any circumstantial disadvantage. Every child matters and they know that they matter. Our interventions are strategic and yet discreet. We celebrate the uniqueness of every individual without publicly identifying a child as 'Pupil Premium'.

We recognise that Disadvantage is a process and not an isolated event. There are entrenched gaps in society, but we believe that our focus on Quality First Teaching (carefully planned through the lens of our disadvantaged pupils) and identifying (and removing) challenges by the delivery of impactful intervention are key to closing this gap. The responsibility for tackling disadvantages lies with every member of staff at the school - knowing our pupils is key.

We believe we are preparing all pupils to have the knowledge and skills to take advantage of opportunities, responsibilities, and experiences in later life. Our current pupil premium strategy recognises that disadvantaged pupils are more likely to require specific intervention strategies to achieve this goal. Our policy is intertwined with the whole school improvement policy, using the EEF model to invest in improving teaching, targeted academic support and wider strategies

Recovery remains essential for all pupils, there are common challenges but there are individual needs. We recognise that some pupils have been worst affected by the pandemic, to tackle this we intend to invest in small group tuition via school-led tutoring/Tuition Partners as part of the National Tutoring Programme.

Key Principles

- High expectations and challenge for all pupils
- Pupils are discretely known as individuals rather than a collective group
- 'Quality First Teaching' supports all pupils
- Identifying individual needs early and developing intervention strategies to challenge and remove gaps in learning
- Supporting the wellbeing of all pupils
- Evaluating the impact and developing strategies further to reduce the challenge

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge							
1	Low Reading Age which can prevent pupils making good progress							
	Entering Yr. 7		% Pupil Premium entering with a low reading age	Notes				
	2022		22%/ 6%	Below 9 years Between 9-10				
	2021		15%/ 25%	Below 9 years	s/ Between 9-10			
	2020		9% /13%	Below 9 years years	s/ Between 9-10			
	2019		9%	Reading scor below	Reading score of 96 and below			
	2018		30%	Reading scor below	Reading score of 96 and below			
2	Low maths scores which can prevent pupils making good progress in maths in Year 7 to Year 11.							
	Entering Yr.7	% Pupil Premium entering with a low Quantitative CAT score	Notes	% Pupil Premium entering with a low KS2 Ma Score	Notes			
	2022	44%	Q CATS 93 or les	s 44%	KS2 Ma below 100			
	2021	35%	Q CAT of 93 or les	S	n/a			
	2020	55%	Q CAT of 94 or les	S	n/a			
	2019	30%	Q CAT of 93 or les	s 15%	KS2 Ma below 100.			
	2018	58%	Q CAT of 95 or les Additionally, 1 PP pupi does not have a Q CA ⁻ score, their KS2 Ma score is 102.	ı r	KS2 Ma below 100.			

3	The behaviour of some disadvantaged pupils can be a challenge to learning.
4	The emotional wellbeing of some disadvantaged pupils can be a challenge to learning. This has been exacerbated by the impact of the pandemic and the partial school closure.
5	A minority of disadvantaged pupils have attendance and punctuality concerns.
6	Some disadvantaged pupils have limited access to a supportive learning environment and resources outside of school.
7	Covid-19 effect. In addition to the above all pupils have endured periods of time away from school during 2020/21.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
To close the gap and enable disadvantaged pupils to catch up with literacy and numeracy.	Disadvantaged pupils to progress so that the gap between them and non-disadvantaged is closed.
Improve attainment for all disadvantaged pupils at GCSE and remove variation between departments/subject areas.	For Progress 8 scores/Attainment 8 of disadvantaged pupils to be at least equivalent or greater than non-disadvantaged.
Support emotional wellbeing of pupils to remove barriers to learning.	Increase the number of opportunities the voice of Pupil Premium pupils is heard including surveys, Prioritise Every Child Matters Interviews (ECMs with tutors and wellbeing staff. A sustained increase in the participation in enrichment activities, particularly among Pupil Premium pupils. Staff can recognise and support pupils who have Attachment concerns.
Some disadvantaged pupils need additional support in adopting our 'Behaviour for Learning' strategy and in choosing 'excellent behaviour' to maximise learning.	Fewer behavioural incidents to be recorded for PP pupils on Synergy in accordance with standards laid out in BFL policy.
Implement and review strategies to improve attendance levels for disadvantaged pupils.	Reduce the number of persistent absentees amongst disadvantaged pupils. To maintain the overall attendance for these pupils in line with non-disadvantaged pupils

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £19,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Highest expectations and aspirations for all pupils achieved through quality first teaching -CPD focus on direct Knowledge based curriculum / development of skills (Memory, Spacing and Interleaving, Retrieval and Key Knowledge, Rosenshine's Principles of Instruction, Questioning skills and Metacognition -Curriculum offers opportunities for pupils to flourish, building strategies within lesson that modify the curriculum to allow for recovery -Pupil Premium Curriculum Link Team, staff are able to share good practice and ideas across departments	CPD will enable staff to continue to plan and teach lessons that allow excellent learning for all pupils, for challenging targets to be set and achieved and for their progress to be accurately evaluated over time. When teachers and tutors recognise disadvantaged pupils in their class, they can effectively intervene in raising progress. 'The most popular strategies, and those that schools considered to be the most effective, focused on teaching and learning, especially paired or small group additional teaching; improving feedback; and one-to-one tuition' DFE - Supporting the attainment of disadvantaged pupils: articulating success and good practice Research report November 2015 'Considering a tiered approach to Pupil Premium spending can help schools balance approaches to improving teaching, targeted academic support and wider strategies.' EEF Guide to Pupil Premium 2019	1,2,3,7

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £64,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Increased opportunities for effective Intervention and Tuition which includes	National research on the impact of the pandemic on Yr. 7 and Yr. 8	1,2,6,7
disadvantaged pupils -School-led/online tuition as	'All year groups have experienced a learning loss in reading. In both primary and secondary schools, this	
part of NTS to deliver 15 hours	was typically between 1.5 and	
small group tutoring	2 months. Primary aged pupils in mathematics experienced a much greater learning loss of over three and	
-Identify, deliver intervention	a half months. Pupils from	
Period 1 in maths, English, sci-	disadvantaged backgrounds experienced higher levels of loss than	
ence, and SEN(Literacy).	their non-disadvantaged peers (1 month more learning loss in reading	
-Prioritise reading strategies	and 0.5 months more in mathematics compared to their non-disadvantaged	
recommended by the EEF	peers).' DfE complete findings from	
such as 'disciplinary literacy'	Autumn term	
across the curriculum.		
-Focus on groups of learners and sharing good practice	'Targeted academic support Evidence consistently shows the positive impact that targeted academic support can have,	
	including on those who are not making good progress across the spectrum of	
-Boys / gender aspirational	achievement. Considering how classroom	
targets- CJM	teachers and teaching assistants can provide targeted academic support,	
-Pupil Premium Department	including how to link structured one-to-one	
Link - PC	or small group intervention to classroom teaching, is likely to be a key component of	
	an effective Pupil Premium strategy EEF	
	Guide to Pupil Premium 2019	
Increase number of laptops to support remote learning	"Supporting effective remote learning will mitigate the extent to	6
	which the gap widens Pupils can	
-Repair and replace to	learn through remote teaching	
maintain the number of	To increase access to teaching, it would also be valuable to test the	
laptops received during remote learning to allow for	feasibility of online tuition as a way	
online intervention to continue	to supplement the support provided	
with key pupils	by teachers to disadvantaged children'	
	Official	

REA Impact of school closures	
on the attainment gap summary	
<u>.pdf</u>	

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £56,167

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Maintain, enhance and clarify the 'wellbeing offer' -Respond to increased social and emotional wellbeing need amplified by Coronavirus. Supported through the Wellbeing team and specialist teachers including mental health support. -All Pupil Premium pupils to receive annual careers interviews/ experience to raise aspirations -Resources and support for those students in all subject areas, including contributions towards essential educational visits.	'Wider strategies relate to the most significant non-academic barriers to success in school, including attendance, behaviour and social and emotional support. While many barriers may be common between schools, it is also likely that the specific features of the community each school serves will affect spending in this category' EEF Guide to Pupil Premium 2019 'Most senior leaders reported that some of their pupils were suffering from Covid-related anxiety and a substantial minority reported an increase in incidents of self-harm. The pupils most affected were already vulnerable (for example, due to family circumstances or special educational needs)' Recovering from Covid-19: What Pupils and Schools Need Now - Policy Briefing - NFER	3,4,5,6,7
Promote involvement in wider curricular activities -Monitor involvement in extra-curricular and leadership roles through surveys and ECM interviews -Identify and encourage Pupil Premium pupils who would benefit in greater engagement CJM – Yr8 targeted Year 8 project	We found from our analysis that extracurricular activities - specifically music classes and playing a wide range of sports – are important in predicting intentions to remain in education after compulsory schooling were hugely valuable to young people themselves in ways that are not quantifiable. Extra-curricular activities boost young people's confidence to interact socially with others; extend their social networks; and provide them with new skills and abilities. Above all, they offer an important space to have fun and relax	3,4,6,7

	away from the pressures of schoolwork. Social Mobility Commision report 'An Unequal Playing Field: Extra- Curricular Activities, Soft Skills and Social Mobility'	
Hardship: reduce practical barriers to full engagement in Team Saint Michael's	Confidence, concentration, and engagement in learning are impacted by poverty	3,4,6,7
-Where required, provide financial assistance with uniform educational resources, curriculum related trips -Funding to allow FSM pupils to have access to a snack at break or lunch. Support those lacking breakfast or involvement in afterschool activities.	'Children in low-income households were:4.5 times more likely to have not eaten or eaten enough when they were hungry ,5.6 times more likely to have had to wear old or poorly fitting clothes or shoes.,5.2 times more likely to have pretended to their family not to need something' Main, G 'Parents and children living in poverty have the same aspirations as those who are better off' The Conversation	

Total budgeted cost: £139,167

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2021-2022 academic year.

Teaching

Due to COVID-19, performance measures have not been published for 2020 to 2021, and 2020 to 2021 results will not be used to hold schools to account.

KS4 Outcome

Whole	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2019
School	2022	2021	2020	2013	2010	2017	Nat
P8	0.47	0.46	0.42	0.38	0.56	0.33	-0.03
A8	61.77	61.59	62.71	58.35	58.96	58.6	46.7
Ebacc entry	52.5	49.6	64.4	53%	31%	29%	40%
Ebacc APS	5.53	5.55	5.74	5.31	5.00	4.57	4.07
Basics 5+	76%	79%	83%	75%	74%	69%	43.2
Destinations			99%*	98%	99%	98%	94%
Pupil	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2019Nat
Premium							(Oth)
Outcome							
P8	0.44	1.08	0.41	-0.03	0.1 (-	-0.18	0.13
				(-0.45)	0.44)		
A8	48.59	58.1	65.8	47.4	54.1	49	50.3
Ebacc	41.2%	21%	75%	36%	27%	21%	40%
entry							
Ebacc	4.33	4.57	5.60	4.03	4.57	3.88	4.07
APS				(3.08)	(3.07)		
Basics 5+	70.6%	58%	75%	40%	60%	71%	43%
				(25%)	(25%)		
Destinations			100%	100%	100%	90%	94%
				(96%)			
No. +	90	91	82	96	85		
budget	126	116K	107K	110K	108K	91K	

P8 20 and 21 are FFT and not published

Red FFT

Green SISRA

Black ASP

*Own data

All Destination figures are sig + in ASP/IDSR Accessible Content

EEF Family Schools: Ranking Comparing Disadvantaged (based on 2017 –2019 – latest available)

Attainment 8: 2/50 Basic 9-4: 3 /50 Progress 8:15/50

Intended outcome	Success	Success criteria									
	non-disac Review Oc Gap in P8	-Disadvantaged pupils to progress so that the gap between them and non-disadvantaged is closed. Review Oct 2022 Gap in P8 in Maths has been reversed Gap in P8 English remains at 0.14									
To close the	Filter Value	KS2 Prio	Stu Co unt	A8 Pts	Aver age A8 Gra de	A8 Est	Eng P8	Mat P8	EBa c P8	Ope n P8	P8
gap and	Not Pupil Premium	108	206	62.86	6.29	57.9 6	0.62	0.513	0.347	0.55 5	0.49 8
enable disadvantag	Pupil Premium	103	17	48.59	4.86	47.1 6	0.48	0.536	0.465	0.34	0.44 6
numeracy.	 learning and teaching that occurs every day in the classroom. 2021/22 Grant for 62 pupils but 116 pupils benefited The school delivered 1315 tutoring hours, averaging 11+ hours per pupil 93% of pupils said they thought they made some/lots of progress 26 PP pupils across Yr. 7-11 were involved in tutoring Yr.11 PP pupils involved in tutoring, 50% achieved their target or higher in the tutoring subject studied which was higher than non-PP 										
Improve attainment for all disadvantag ed pupils at	-For Progress 8 scores/Attainment 8 of disadvantaged pupils to be a least equivalent or greater than non-disadvantaged. Since 2019 Yr. 11 Pupil Premium pupils (PP) have seen a significant increase in a similar measure to Progress 8 (Using our centre assessed grades and comparison with Fisher Family Trust) 2022 Progress										
GCSE and remove variation	Progress o	•			•		r to ot	her pu	pils		
between departments /subject	Progress o						6				
areas.	Early Septe										
	Historically Disadvanta										-

2019 resulted in A8 drop of 3% lower than National, CAGS) show an increase but a gap remains.

Percentage of pupils attaining 4+ English and Maths

PP

Early Sep 2022, Disadvantage 76.5% vs non-Disadvantage 92.2%, which is similar to 2021 but reduces the gap from 2019

Percentage of pupils attaining 5+ English and Maths

PP Early Sep 2022

Disadvantaged 70.6% vs non disadvantaged 76.2%, the gap has narrowed significantly. The cohort is small and will vary each year but is above the national figures of around 50%.

% EBAC entries

Before pupils take their options, individual guidance is offered, targeted conversation implemented but a disparity in entries remained.

2022 shows the most disadvantaged pupils achieving 5+ at 41.2%, but still slightly less than non-Disadvantage 53.4%, the gap has reduced in recent years.

- Increase the number of opportunities the voice of Pupil Premium pupils is heard including surveys, Prioritise Every Child Matters Interviews (ECMs with tutors and wellbeing staff.

2021 -22 In addition to ECMs, school PP have completed two in depth surveys to identify specific needs, and these have been followed up

-A sustained increase in the participation in enrichment activities, particularly among Pupil Premium pupils.

Support emotional wellbeing of pupils to remove barriers to learning.

	2017- 18	2018- 19	2019- 2020	2021- 22	2021-22 (if you include DofE)
Whole school	86%	81%	86%	75%	91%
Disadvantaged Pupils	80%	22%	82%	68%	72%

21-22 Leadership roles 12.4% of PP (11 pupils) have a leadership role compared with 24.5 % non-PP $\,$

-Staff can recognise and support pupils who have Attachment concerns.

Attachment training delivery ongoing

Some disadvantag ed pupils need additional support in adopting our 'Behaviour for Learning' strategy and in choosing 'excellent behaviour' to maximise learning.	- Fewer behavioural incidents to be recorded for PP pupils on Synergy in accordance with standards laid out in BFL policy. Summary 2021-22 % Pupils with 1+ FTE of School Proportion 2021-22: Lower than national and.non-PP 2.7% vs PP 0.7 %
Implement and review strategies to improve attendance levels for disadvantag ed pupils.	-Reduce the number of persistent absentees amongst disadvantaged pupils. -To maintain the overall attendance for these pupils in line with non-disadvantaged pupils 2021-22 PA (Below 90%) gap remains of 5.4%, PP 33.7% vs non-PP 28%. COVID continues to impact this academic year

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider

Further information

Participate in Chorley Secondary PP Partnership'